

Program Description I

Program Title Simple 2D Star Trek

Contributor's Name John Nelson

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State Iowa

Zip Code 50616

Program Description, Equations, Variables This program is a simple one-card version of Star Trek. It was designed for people who do not want to read a card for performing another function of the program. The game is a two dimensional game so that the board is easier to diagram and the position is easier to visualize. The basic pattern of play is as follows:

The game is started by inputting a seed and pressing the Initialize function key. The seed must be a decimal number between zero and one. The initialization will locate three klingons and the Enterprise on a 100 x 100 grid (location coordinates are 00 thru 99 for both x & y). It also initializes some energy into the main energy banks of the Enterprise for use in Phasers, Shields and warp drive.

The Captain of the Enterprise then decides to run the sensors, move the ship, divert energy to shields to prepare for battle, or attack enemy vessels. The sensors are necessary to locate enemy ships and determine damage of Enterprise and enemy. As soon as an enemy is found, (on the sensors) it opens fire. This is the only time that the Enterprise will automatically put up its shields. Power is not actually diverted from main banks at this time, but the shot is

Operating Limits and Warnings _____ deflected.

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Program Description, Equations, Variables The damage caused by the enemy fire is added to a central damage accumulator and when the scan is completed, all damage is displayed. If more than one enemy vessel is detected, all that are detected will fire. This makes the enemy the aggressor and the Enterprise must fight to save itself. As soon as the sensor scan has completed, the Enterprise coordinates are returned to the display. You may then prepare for battle. That is, if you have detected an enemy within range. The range of the phasers is $\frac{1}{2}$ the range of the sensors. To prepare for battle, input the amount of energy to be diverted to the shields. This energy will be taken out of the main energy banks and may never be replaced. The main banks are used for moving the Enterprise, which is the highest use of energy, so be careful not to run yourself too low in the main banks. The maximum you could ever need at one time in shield banks is 100 units. This will be depleted from one shot to another by enemy fire, but it can be replenished between shots. The shield power may be viewed at any time by pressing RCL 6. It is also displayed after inputting the ship # to be battled and pressing 'E'. Do not attempt to replenish them at this point, however because the program must be restarted at the point of

Operating Limits and Warnings the R/S for phaser power.

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03398D Program Description I

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Contributor's Name	John C. Nelson		
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Program Description, Equations, Variables After the ship has been properly shielded, you may attack the enemy (or enemies) one at a time using the 'E' function. This is the first half of the attack routine. The ship # that you want to attack is input and the function key pressed. This will compute the power of the enemy attack, its effect on the shields and damage to the Enterprise (although this is not displayed yet.)

The program then stops with the remaining shield power in the display. DO NOT press any function key at this time because the program must be restarted at this point with an R/S. You may recall and display any information you want to, but the program pointer must be unaffected. The program has stopped for phaser power to be input. The power for the phaser is a digit from 1 to 9 inclusive with the maximum = 9 and minimum = 1. The more power you use, the more energy it will burn up. The energy used is = power \times distance². Phasers lock on target automatically. Damage to enemy is output with a print-(flash display) then the damage to the Enterprise. (Unless a ship is destroyed.) If a ship is destroyed, it's I.D. (ship #) is displayed as a negative number. If the Enterprise is destroyed, for example, the program will stop with a -4.00 in the display. The final output

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Program Description, Equations, Variables is the Enterprise coordinates (assuming that no ships have been destroyed.).

Formulas Used:

Phaser Energy Used = Power setting x distance² or $E_{ph} = p \times d^2$

Speed = Warp# x 10

Maximum Warp# = 8D/100 where D = damage to Enterprise

Power of enemy attack = $(100 - D_e)r$ where D_e is damage to enemy
 r is decimal random #.

Damage to Enterprise = $\frac{1}{4}(\text{Power of enemy attack})$ if shields hold.
 or $\frac{1}{4}(\text{Power of enemy attack} - \text{shields})$ if shields
 do not hold.

Shields reduction = Power of enemy attack if Shields are greater
 than Power of attack, otherwise the shields
 are reduced by (power of attack - shields) and
 The 'power of attack' is also deducted from R_g .

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Program Description, Equations, Variables Each ship's information is contained in a single register in the format: XX.YYDDDVDDD

where XX is the ship's x coordinates.

YY is the ship's y coordinates.

DDDVDDD. is the damage to the ship. (The V is an assumed decimal place.)

Whenever the damage factor reaches 100 units, the ship is considered to be destroyed. Ships are located by their ship #. Ship #'s 1, 2, and 3 are Klingons, ship # 4 is the Enterprise. As soon as damage is added to a ship's register the damage is checked for 100 to see if the ship has been destroyed.

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Program Description, Equations, Variables This portion of the program description will contain more detailed information about the programs internal functions. In case you want to modify the program this may prove a valuable feature.

All labels are used and they are arranged in such a manner that it is difficult if not impossible to re-use any of them. This was not done on purpose, it just came out that way. If you want another label you could remove LBL A from the program and initialize with RTN R/S. I have shortened the program time after time and I now think it is about as short as it can be, so you won't find too many steps that can be cut from it.

The labelled functions are detailed below:

LBL A - Initializes the program. Everything that the program needs is initialized EXCEPT R₅. Register 5 is used for storing Enterprise damages temporarily until the Enterprise register is updated with the new damages. The R₅ register is zeroed when the damage is put into the Enterprise register. This is not done when an enemy ship has been destroyed, because the program stops before

Operating Limits and Warnings

Damage to the Enterprise is not updated until after the enemy damage is updated. Therefore, if a ship is destroyed and you are not going to repair the Enterprise before going to battle the next ship, the damage has not been applied to the Enterprise yet. This means that register 5 contains the damage that still has not been applied. If you want to nullify this, simply press Ø STO 5. If you want to apply it press f a.

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03398D

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Program Description, Equations, Variables the Enterprise damage is updated. This means that if you do not take action as given on previous page under Operating Limits and Warnings, then the next time you do battle with an enemy this damage will be dropped if you do battle before using sensors. If you use the sensors before doing battle again, then the remaining damage in register 5 will be applied to the Enterprise along with any new damage from finding an enemy ship.

LBL B - Sensors. This routine loops from register 3 to register 1 looking for enemy vessels whose distance from the Enterprise is less than the range of the sensors. The range of the sensors is set up in program steps 7 thru 12 along with two other fields at the same time. This is done by calculation. Since a constant of '100' must be stored in RA, and a 4 must be stored in register I to begin locating ships, the range was calculated from the two using ÷ (division). If you want to change the range of the sensors, the easiest way is to store the new range in reg. 0 after the initialize routine has been run. To compute the damage suffered by the Enterprise when an enemy vessel is

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Program Description, Equations, Variables detected, the random number generator is run and when it returns to the calling routine Lastx is recalled and used as the damage factor. This makes the damage factor always less than 45 units. When the damage is applied from register 5, it is divided by 4 before being applied. This is always true with the damage factor in register 5 except when the shields do not hold in the battle routine.

LBL C - Move Routine. There is nothing really tricky in the move routine, except the way that the coordinates are updated. They are updated by computing the x & y coordinate changes then adding to the current x & y coordinates. This simply means that if you go off the board, you may get unpredictable results.

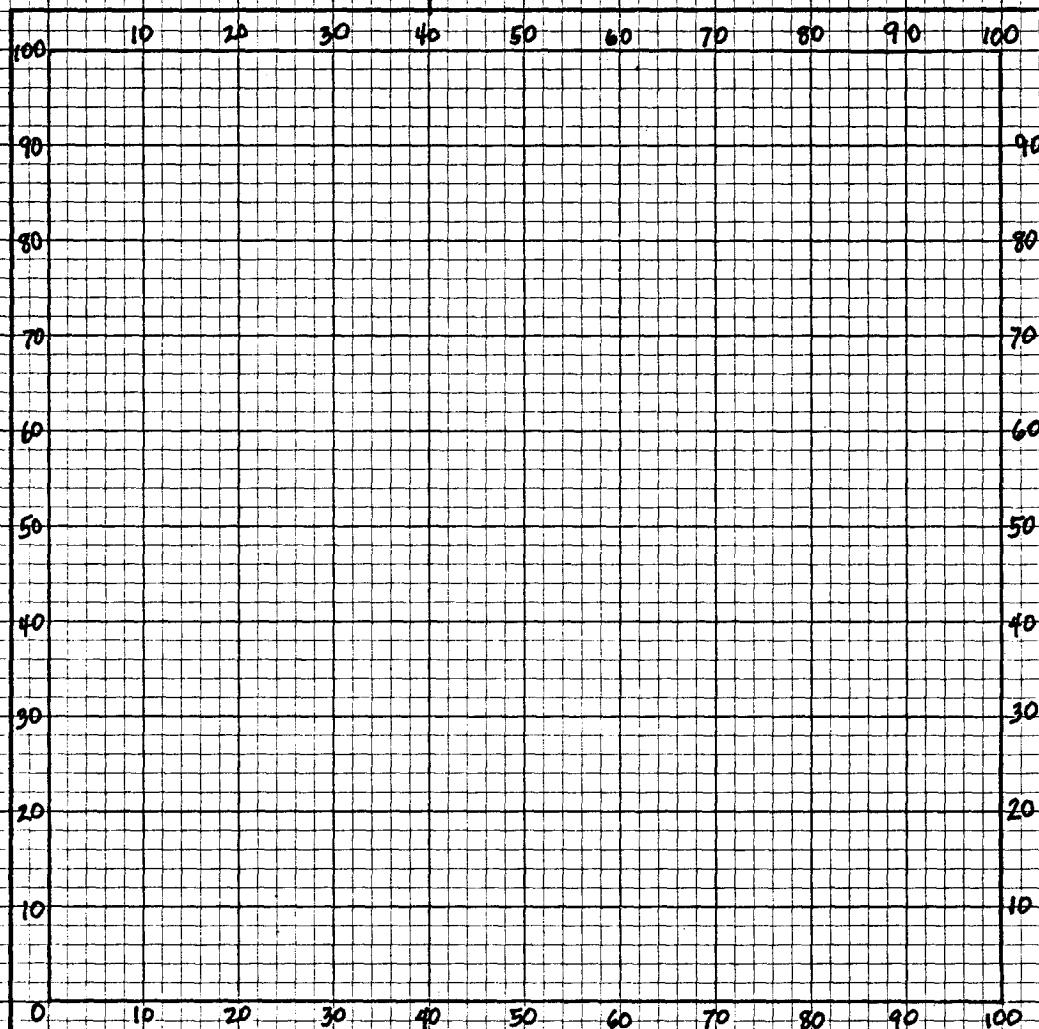
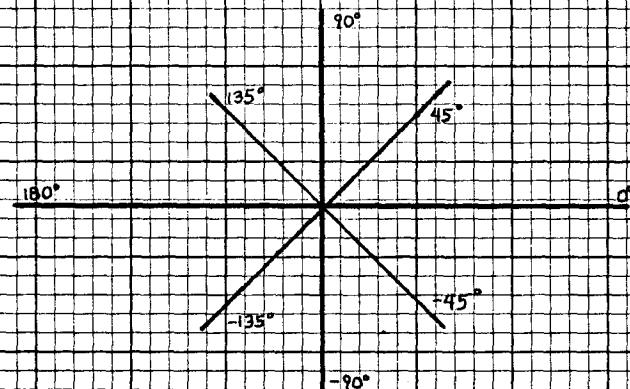
LBL D - Diverts energy from main energy banks to shields. If there is not enough energy in the main banks to satisfy the request, you will get a continuous pausing '0.00'. This same routine is performed within the program to take energy from the main banks for phasers and warp drive. Whenever there is not enough, you will get a

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Playing Board



Each square = 2 Units

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Program Description, Equations, Variables blinking zero. If you want to continue the game, stop the program during one of the pauses using the R/S, then store some energy in R₈. Continue game where you left off. This might not work in some cases, depending on where you got the continuous '0.00' display. When I designed the game, however, this was supposed to be a signal that you lost the war, so take your own chances.

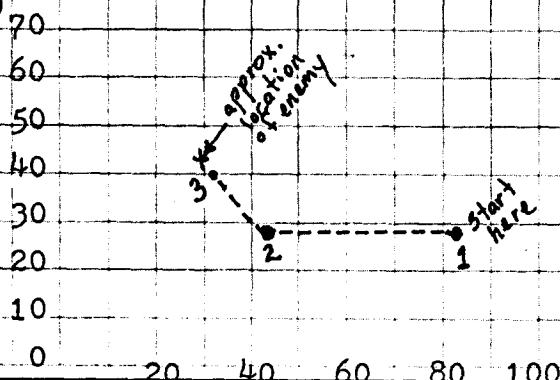
LBL E - This is the battle routine. The distance from the Enterprise to the enemy being attacked is computed and the power of the alien attack is computed. The more the alien is damaged, the less severe (generally) is his attack, although there is also a random factor involved. The power of the alien attack is taken directly from the shield power and if there is not enough, woe on you!

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Sketch(es)



Sample Problem(s) Use .5281953751 as a seed: .5281953751 A -----> 84.28***

Enterprise coordinates. (84, 28). The coordinates are given in standard ordered pair notation of x first then y. Now we are ready to scan for enemy vessels. B -----> 84.28***. Enterprise coordinates returned. No ships found. Enterprise is now at position 1 in above sketch. Let's move to the left (180°) about 40 units. This will mean an angle of 180 and a speed of warp 4. Input move data as follows: $180 \uparrow 4$ C -----> 44.28***. New coordinates. Scan again: B -----> 1.*** 22.***... 137*** 4.*** 44.28***. We are now at position 2 and have detected a ship at a bearing of 137° . The scan tells us the ship# (1st output) which is # 1, the distance (2nd output) which is 22 units away, the bearing (3rd output) which is 137° and the damage to the Enterprise (4th output) from enemy fire. Then the coordinates are returned to the display. To attack the enemy, we must be $\frac{1}{2}$ the range of the sen-

Solution(s) sors from it. This means we must be within $12\frac{1}{2}$ units of the enemy, since the range of the sensors is 25 by default. (see user instructions for default values.) Let's move closer. Sensors indicate the enemy is at bearing of 137° from us. Therefore let's move at 137° for a speed of 1.8. Input move data: $137 \uparrow 1.8$ C -----> 31.40*** we are now at position 3 in diagram. We should be close. If we scan again, we will be fired on again, so let's assume we have done this correctly and that we are close enough for battle. First we should put up our shields. Let's set them to 110 units. 110 D -----> 110.00

Reference(s)

Sketch(es)

Sample Problem(s) Now we are ready to attack. Input the ship number to be attacked. (#1) and attack: 1 E -----> 102.58 Shields are reduced to 102.58 from 110.00. This is not very much damage when compared to what damage is possible. Enemy power can conceivably reduce the shield by as much as 100 units. Now fire Phasers: 9 (maximum power) R/S-----> 11.92*** 1.86*** 31.40***. Damage to enemy was 11.92 units. The damage to the Enterprise was 1.86 units and the Enterprise coordinates are returned to the display. Since the shields are still above 100 units (they are 102.58) we will not have to replenish them yet, so we can attack again: 1 E -----> 32.27 Shields left. This time the damage was more extensive and the power of the enemy attack reduced the shields to 32.27 units. We will have to re-vitalize them before our next attack, but right now let's fire: 9 R/S -----> 29.10*** ... 17.58*** 31.40***. Damage to enemy vessel was 29.10 units. Damage to

Solution(s) Enterprise was 17.58. Then the coordinates are returned to the display. Let's check the total damage to the enemy and to us. First check damage to the Enterprise: 4 f b -----> 23.40. We are almost 25% destroyed. Let's try some repair before we scan for damage on the enemy ship. Let's say we want to repair 6 units of damage. To repair any damage, you must have the ship # to be repaired stored in R_I. Then input the amount of damage to be repaired as a negative number and press f c. So now press: 6 CHS f c -----> 31.40. Note that we did not have to store the ship # (a 4) in R_I because the prior

Reference(s)

03398D Program Description II

Sketch(es)

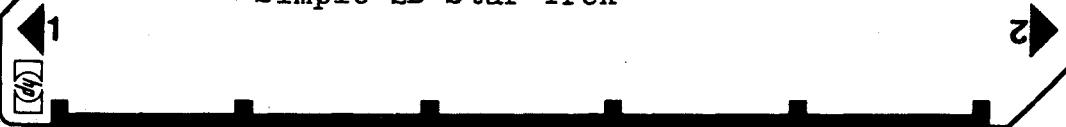
Sample Problem(s) step was a recall of the damage where we did input the 4. This routine stores the ship # so that R_I already did contain a 4. Now check damage again: 4 f b ----> 17.40. Now check enemy damage: 1 f b ----> 41.02 Let's attack again. First we must replenish the shields as they were down to 32.27 units last shot. 100 D ----> 132.27 Now attack: 1 E ----> 77.17. 9 R/S ----> 2.37*** 13.77*** 31.40*** Damage to enemy = 2.37 units. Damage to Enterprise = 13.77. Check his damage: 1 f b ----> 43.39. Re-vitalize shields: 75 D ----> 152.17 Attack: 1 E ----> 107.08 9 R/S ----> 26.09*** 11.27*** 31.40*** Damage to enemy = 26.09. Damage to Enterprise was 11.27. 1 E ----> 99.41 9 R/S ----> 5.07*** 1.92*** 31.40***. 1 E ----> 74.84 9 R/S ----> 48.49*** -1.00 Enemy was finally destroyed! Now you are ready for the other two. ...Or are you? To repair all damage: 4 f b ----> 44.37 CHS f c ----> 31.40

Solution(s) Check damage to enterprise: 4 f b -----> 0.00

Now try the other two on your own, as an exercise.

Reference(s)

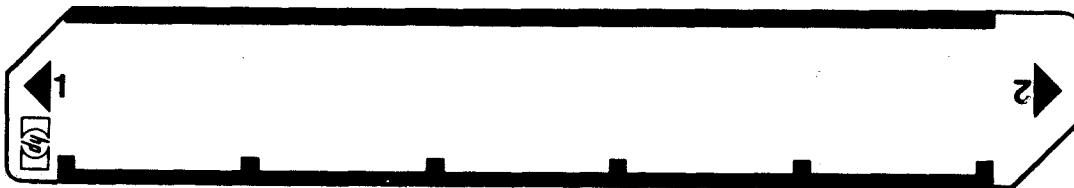
Simple 2D Star Trek



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1.	Load program sides 1 & 2.			
2.	To start a new game.			
	a.) Input a seed between 0 & 1	seed	A	Ent.Co**
	b.) Change default values if desired.			
	defaults are:			
	1) Total energy = 20,000 units.			
	2) Range sensors = 25 units.			
	To change total energy	Energy	STO 8	
	To change range of sensors	Range	STO 0	
3.	To run a sensor scan for locating enemy ships.		B	(if in range)
	Outputs are ship #, distance & bearing for any ships in range. When all ships scanned, damage to the Enterprise is displayed, then the coordinates of the enterprise.			Ship#** dist. ** brng. ** : dmge ** Ent.Co**
4.	To move the Enterprise			
	a) Input the angle you want to move	Angle ^o	↑	
	90 ^o			
	180 ^o ————— 0 ^o			
	-90 ^o			
	This may be any angle 0 ^o - 360 ^o (or negative)			
	b) Input the warp number 1 - 8.	warp #	C	NewCo.**
	You cannot move greater than 8			
	and if the Enterprise is damaged			
	you can move proportionately			
	slower. If you are 50% destroyed			
	(50 units damage) you can only			
	move warp 4.			



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
4.	Move Routine - continued. The speed that the ship travels will be 10 times the warp number. You <u>may</u> move non-integer warp numbers.			
5.	Before going into battle, you should divert energy from main energy to shield energy or you will be destroyed rather quickly. You must also replenish this energy throughout the battle, as enemy fire will soon destroy the shields. The maximum you will ever need at one time for shields is 100 units.	Energy	D	Shields
6.	To attack, you must first be within attacking distance. Attacking distance is $\frac{1}{2}$ range of sensors. Battle can be directed at only one klingon at a time. To attack input klingon # to be battled. Output is remaining shields. Now input phaser power to be used. This should be a number 1 thru 9.	Kling.# Power	E	rem.shld K1.Dam** En.Dam** Ent.Co** (Destryd Ship #)
	Outputs are Enemy Damage, Enterprise Damage, then Enterprise Coordinates. If display stops with a negative # in the display, the ship # displayed has been destroyed. If you are not close enough for an attack, the Enterprise coordinates will be output with no other output.			



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS	OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
	NOTE: IF AT ANY TIME YOU ARE GETTING A CONTINUOUSLY PAUSING "0.00" IN THE DISPLAY, IT MEANS YOU HAVE USED ALL THE ENERGY IN THE MAIN BANKS AND DO NOT HAVE ANY LEFT FOR MOVING OR FIRING PHASERS. I USUALLY CONSIDER THIS A LOST GAME, BUT IF YOU WANT TO CONTINUE, STOP THE PAUSE WITH R/S, THEN INPUT THE AMOUNT OF ENERGY YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH FOLLOWED BY : STO 8			
7.	To recall the damage for any ship: Ship # Ship #'s: 1-3 = Klingons 1 thru 3. 4 = Enterprise (This also stores ship# in R _I)		f b	damage
8.	To repair damage to a ship a.) Store ship # if not already b.) Input amount of damage to be repaired. AS A NEGATIVE VALUE. output is ship coordinates	Ship # Amt-rep.	STO I CHS f c	Ship Co.
9.	To recall Enterprise coordinates (XX.YY)		GSB 0	Ent.Co**
10.	To recall total energy remaining		RCL 8	Tot.eng.
11.	To recall shield energy		RCL 6	Shields
12.	To check range of sensors. (Once set, they will never change unless you change them.)		RCL 0	
13.	To refresh seed, simply store a new seed	seed	STO E	

STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS	STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS
001	*LBLA	21 11	Initialize Routine	057	GT06	22 06	Continue Scanning
002	STOE	35 15	Store Seed	058	GSBa	23 16 11	Compute & store damage
003	2	02		059	GT08	22 08	(if any)
004	EEX	-23		060	*LBL7	21 07	Separate X & Y coord.
005	4	04		061	INT	16 34	Subroutine
006	ST08	35 06		062	F2?	16 23 02	If First Time, store x in R8
007	EEX	-23		063	STOB	35 12	
008	2	02		064	LSTX	16-63	
009	STOA	35 11	Store Constant '100' in R8	065	FRC	16 44	
010	4	04		066	RCLA	36 11	
011	STOI	35 46	Initial. for storing of ship locations.	067	X	-35	
012	=	-24		068	INT	16 34	Shift Y coord. to left decimal
013	ST00	35 00	Create Sensor Range = 25	069	RTN	24	
014	0	00		070	*LBLC	21 13	Return to calling rout.
015	ST06	35 06	Zero R6 (Shield Energy)	071	STOC	35 13	
016	*LBL9	21 09		072	X?Y	-41	
017	GSB8	23 08		073	STOB	35 12	
018	RCLA	36 11		074	8	68	
019	X	-35		075	RCLA	36 11	
020	RND	16 24		076	RCL4	36 04	
021	STOI	35 45		077	GSBD	23 16 14	
022	DS21	16 25 46	Continue to next ship.	078	-	-45	
023	GT09	22 09		079	%	55	
024	*LBL0	21 00		080	RCLC	36 13	
025	RCL4	36 04		081	X?Y?	16-34	
026	DSP2	-63 02	Done - Display Enterprise Coordinates	082	X?Y	-41	
027	PRTX	-14		083	1	61	
028	R/S	51		084	0	00	
029	*LBL8	21 08	Stop - in case pending return.	085	X	-35	
030	RCL4	36 15		086	STOC	35 13	
031	TAN?	16 43	Recall Seed	087	X?	53	
032	FRC	16 44	Random# = FRAC[TAN of seed]	088	GSB1	23 01	
033	STOE	35 15		089	RCLB	36 12	
034	RTN	24		090	RCLC	36 13	
035	*LBLB	21 12		091	→R	44	
036	3	03		092	INT	16 34	
037	STOI	35 46	Set up starting ship address @ 3.	093	ST+4	35-55 04	
038	*LBL6	21 06		094	X?Y	-41	
039	GSB2	23 02	Compute distance Range of Sensors	095	INT	16 34	
040	RCL8	36 08		096	RCLA	36 11	
041	X?Y?	16-35	Is ship in Range?	097	=	-24	
042	GT05	22 05	No - Continue.	098	ST+4	35-55 04	
043	RJ	-31	Yes - Display Ship.	099	GT08	22 08	
044	RCL1	36 45		100	*LBL1	21 01	
045	DSP0	-63 00		101	SF2	16 21 02	
046	PRTX	-14	First - display I.D. in Print/Flash	102	*LBL0	21 14	
047	RJ	-31		103	RCL8	36 08	
048	PRTX	-14	Roll down distance	104	X?Y	-41	
049	X?Y	-41	Print/Flash distance	105	X?Y?	16-35	
050	PRTX	-14		106	GT04	22 04	
051	SFC	16-11	Print/Flash Angle	107	0	00	
052	GSB8	23 08		108	STOI	35 46	
053	LSTX	16-63	Generate random#	109	DS21	16 25 46	
054	ST+5	35-55 05	Get TAN of Seed to be added to damage	110	PSE	16 51	
055	*LBL5	21 05		111	GT01	22 45	
056	DS21	16 25 46	Decrement to next ship.	112	*LBL4	21 04	

REGISTERS

0 Sensor Range	1 Klingon 1 XX.YYDDD	2 Klingon 2 XX.YYDDD	3 Klingon 3 XX.YYDDD	4 Enterprise XX.YYDDD	5 Damage Accumulator	6 Shield Energy	7	8 Total Energy	9
S0	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9
A Constant '100'	B -	C Used - for Warp	D	E	Seed	I Ship Pointer			

STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS	STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS
113	ST-8	35-45 08		169	RCLB	36 12	Recall Enemy X
114	F2?	16 23 02		170	R↓	-31	
115	RTN	24	Is this only a reduction of Rg? - Yes-RTN	171	R↓	-31	Rearrange Stack
116	ST+6	35-55 06	No - it is a divert to shields. - Add Rg	172	X=Y	-41	and subtract X and Y
117	RCL6	36 06	Recall & Return.	173	R↑	16-31	coordinates of Enterprise and
118	RTN	24		174	-	-45	Enemy
119	*LBL6	21 15	Attack Routine.	175	R↓	-31	Then compute polar coord.
120	STOI	35 46	Store ship # to be attac	176	-	-45	
121	GSB2	23 02	Compute distance	177	R↑	16-31	
122	STOB	35 12	Store distance.	178	X=Y	-41	
123	RCL6	36 06	Put shields in STK.	179	+P	34	
124	RCLA	36 11	Put '100' in STK.	180	RTN	24	
125	RCLI	36 45	Get damage.	181	*LBL6	21 16 15	A Ship has been destroyed.
126	GSBn	23 16 14		182	RCLI	36 46	Identify to User.
127	-	-45		183	CHS	-22	
128	GSB8	23 08		184	STOI	35 45	
129	X	-35		185	R/S	51	
130	X>Y?	16-34		186	*LBL6	21 16 12	Recall damage of Rj ship
131	GSB3	23 03	Yes - shields not holding	187	STOI	35 46	after storing X in Rj
132	ST-6	35-45 06	Store damage in R5	188	RCLI	36 45	
133	ST05	35 05	Display remaining shields in St0p.	189	*LBLd	21 16 14	
134	RCL6	36 06	Store Power of Phase	190	RCLA	36 11	
135	R/S	51		191	X	-35	Recall damage from
136	STOD	35 14		192	FRC	16 44	data in display
137	RCL8	36 08		193	EEX	-23	format X = XX.YYDDDD
138	-	82		194	3	03	
139	=	-24		195	X	-35	
140	RCLB	36 12		196	RTN	24	
141	X>Y?	16-34		197	*LBLd	21 16 11	Apply damage to Enterprise
142	GT00	22 00	Yes - display coord.	198	RCL5	36 05	from R5.
143	XE	55		199	X=0?	16-43	Zero R5
144	RCLD	36 14		200	RTN	24	
145	X	-35		201	ST-5	35-45 05	
146	GSB1	23 01		202	4	04	
147	GSB8	23 08		203	STOI	35 46	
148	RCLA	36 11		204	F2?	16 23 02	
149	X	-35		205	1/X	52	
150	RCLB	36 12		206	=	-24	
151	JX	54		207	PRTX	-14	
152	=	-24		208	*LBLd	21 16 13	
153	PRTX	-14		209	RCLI	36 45	
154	GSBc	23 16 13	Apply damage to enemy	210	GSBd	23 16 14	Apply damage to ship and
155	GSBd	23 16 11	Apply damage to Ent.	211	+	-55	see if it has
156	GT00	22 00	Display Coord.	212	RCLA	36 11	been destroyed.
157	*LBL3	21 03	Shield Power not enough.	213	X>Y?	16-35	
158	GSB1	23 01	Subtract power of hit from Rg	214	GT0e	22 16 15	
159	R↑	16-31	then subtract Shields from Hit.	215	R↓	-31	
160	-	-45		216	EEX	-23	
161	SF2	16 21 02		217	5	05	
162	RTN	24		218	=	-24	
163	*LBL2	21 02		219	RCLI	36 45	
164	RCLI	36 45	Compute distance	220	DSP2	-63 02	
165	SF2	16 21 02	Recall ship (enemy)	221	RND	16 24	
166	GSB7	23 07	Turn on 1st Time Switch	222	+	-55	
167	RCL4	36 04	Separate X & Y (store X)	223	STOI	35 45	
168	ESE7	23 07	Recall Enterprise.	224	RTN	24	
			Separate X & Y.				

LABELS

LABELS					FLAGS			SET STATUS	
A Initialize	B Sensor Scan	C Move Rout.	D Divert energy to Shields.	E Attack	0	FLAGS	TRIG	DISP	
a apply dam. to Enter.	b display damage	c apply damage to R(i).	d Get damage	e Display destroyed ship.	0	ON OFF			
0 Used	1 Used	2 Used	3 Used	4 Used	1	0 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
5 Used.	6 Used	7 Used	8 Used	9 Used	2 Used: Multiple Purp.	1 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DEG <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FIX <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
					3	2 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	GRAD <input type="checkbox"/>	SCI <input type="checkbox"/>	
						3 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RAD <input type="checkbox"/>	ENG <input type="checkbox"/>	n <u>2</u>