

Program Description I

Program Title RELATIVITY - INTERCHANGEABLE SOLUTIONS

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Program Description, Equations, Variables PROVIDES INTERCHANGEABLE SOLUTIONS FOR THE BASIC RELATIONSHIPS OF EINSTEIN'S SPECIAL RELATIVITY. ADDITIONALLY, INTERCHANGEABLE SOLUTIONS FOR $E = mc^2$ ARE PROVIDED. VALUES ARE ENTERED AND STORED AUTOMATICALLY BY KEYING THE ENTRY, THEN PRESSING A CORRESPONDING USER-DEFINEABLE KEY. PRESSING A USER-DEFINEABLE KEY WITHOUT AN IMMEDIATELY-PREVIOUS KEYBOARD ENTRY WILL CAUSE THE CALCULATION OF THE SELECTED PARAMETER AND ITS AUTOMATIC STORAGE FOR RE-USE. ANY OR ALL VALUES MAY BE CHANGED IN ANY SEQUENCE TO PERMIT THE CALCULATION OF CHANGED ANSWERS BASED ON MODIFIED ENTRIES. WHEN DEDICATED REGISTERS ARE FILLED FROM KEYBOARD ENTRY OR INTERNAL CALCULATIONS, WILL CALCULATE THE RELATIVISTIC KINETIC ENERGY OF MOVING MASS.

$$m = m_0 \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}}$$

$$t = t_0 \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}}$$

$$l = l_0 \sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}$$

$$v = c \sqrt{1 - \frac{l^2}{l_0^2}}$$

$$N = c \sqrt{1 - \frac{x_0^2}{x^2}}$$

$$c = \frac{N}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{x_0^2}{x^2}}}$$

$$\beta = \sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}$$

$$c = N \sqrt{1 - \frac{l^2}{l_0^2}}$$

WHERE $x_0 = m_0$ OR t_0
 $x = m$ OR t

$$m_0 = m \sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}$$

$$t_0 = t \sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}$$

$$l_0 = l \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}}$$

$$\Delta E = mc^2 - m_0 c^2$$

Operating Limits and Warnings N MUST NOT BE EQUAL TO C (N MUST NOT ROUND INTERNALLY TO EQUAL C)

ENTRIES OR CALCULATIONS INVOLVING USER-DEFINEABLE KEYS A AND B MUST ALWAYS BE BASED ON CONJUGATE PARAMETERS i.e., m_0 AND m , t_0 AND t , OR l AND l_0 . (DO NOT MIX m_0 AND l , OR t_0 AND l) UNITS MUST BE CONSISTENT. INTERNAL ROUTINE STORES ONLY SI VALUE FOR C

BE CERTAIN TO SET FLAG 2 IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO RECORDING CARD!

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in Program Description II. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Sketch(es)

Sample Problem(s) 1) A SPACE SHIP TRAVELS AT A CONSTANT 99% OF THE SPEED OF LIGHT, RELATIVE TO THE EARTH. WHEN THE SHIP'S PASSENGERS HAVE AGED 1 YEAR, TRAVELLING AT THIS SPEED, HOW MUCH TIME WILL HAVE ELAPSED FOR EARTH'S INHABITANTS?

- 2) RECALCULATE PROBLEM 1, BUT CHANGE THE SPACE SHIP'S SPEED TO 99.9999% OF LIGHT SPEED
- 3) AFTER CALCULATING THE ANSWER TO PROBLEM, YOU WISH TO DETERMINE THE TIME THAT ELAPSES ON THE SPACE SHIP WHILE TRAVELLING AT 0.99999 C WHILE EARTH'S INHABITANTS EXPERIENCE 20 YEARS.
- 4) FOR $N = 99.9999 C$, WHAT IS THE VALUE OF $\beta \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\beta^2}} \right)$? (ASSUME PROBLEM 3 RESULTS IN STORAGE)
- 5) THE CREW OF A SPACESHIP MEASURES THEIR SHIP'S LENGTH AS 200 METRES WHILE TRAVELLING AT 0.999 C AWAY FROM THE EARTH. WHAT IS THE LENGTH OF THE SHIP FROM THE POINT OF VIEW OF AN EARTH BOUND OBSERVER?
- 6) THE MASS OF THE SPACESHIP IN PROBLEM 5. WAS 10^8 KG WHEN CONSTRUCTED IN ORBIT AROUND THE EARTH. WHAT WOULD ITS MASS BE, AS ASSESSED BY AN EARTHBOUND OBSERVER, WHEN THE SHIP'S VELOCITY RELATIVE TO THE EARTH IS 0.999 C?
- 7) AN ELECTRON'S REST MASS IS 9.11×10^{-31} KG, WHAT IS THE ENERGY EQUIVALENT OF THIS MASS?
- 8) WHAT IS THE MASS EQUIVALENT OF 1.5×10^{-10} JOULES?

Solution(s) 1) 0.99 [E] x [C] 1 [A] [B] $\rightarrow$ 7.088812015 00 years

2) 0.999999 [E] x [C] [B] $\rightarrow$ 7.071067814 02 years

3) 20 [B] [A] $\rightarrow$ 2.828427124 -02 $\rightarrow$ 20 $\div$ $\rightarrow$ 1.414213562 -03 YEARS

4) [E] [B] $\rightarrow$ 1.414213562 -03

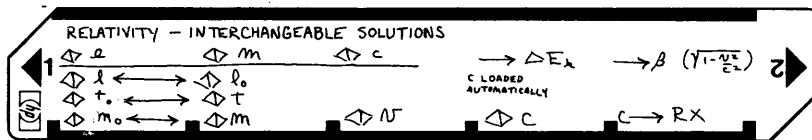
5) [E] .999 x [C] 200 [B] [A] $\rightarrow$ 8.942036010 METRES

6) .999 [E] x [C] [EEX] 8 [A] [B] $\rightarrow$ 2.236627092 09 KILOGRAMS

7) 9.11 [EEX] [CHS] 31 [F] [E] [A] $\rightarrow$ 8.187659580 -14 JOULES

8) 1.5 [EEX] [CHS] 10 [F] [A] [F] [A] $\rightarrow$ 1.668975104 -27 KILOGRAMS

Reference(s) "COLLEGE PHYSICS" BY FRANKLIN MILLER, JR. 1Vth ED CHAPTER 7
HARCOURT, BRACE, JOVONOVICH



STEP	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT DATA/UNITS	KEYS		OUTPUT DATA/UNITS
1	LOAD CARD, SIDES ONE AND TWO (FOR PROBLEMS BASED ON $E=mc^2$, GO TO STEP #5)				
2	ENTER ANY 3 OF 4 VARIABLES (SELECT ONLY CONJUGATE PAIRS FOR MASS, LENGTH, AND TIME) KEY THE NUMERICAL VALUE, THEN THE CORRESPONDING USER-DEFINEABLE KEY (C IS STORED AUTOMATICALLY IF NOMINAL VALUE REQUIRED)	$m_0, t_0, \text{ or } l_0$ $m, t, \text{ or } l$ N C (SKIP ENTRY UNLESS VALUE CHANGE REQUIRED)	A		$m_0, t_0, \text{ or } l_0$ $m, t, \text{ or } l$ N C
3	CALCULATE THE REQUIRED VALUE BY SELECTING THE REMAINING USER-DEFINEABLE KEY WITHOUT A PRIOR KEYBOARD ENTRY				
4	FOR A NEW PROBLEM, GO TO STEP 2, CHANGE ONLY THOSE ENTRIES THAT WILL BE DIFFERENT FOR THE NEW PROBLEM.				
5	ENTER ANY 2 OF 3 VARIABLES, KEY VALUE THEN CORRESPONDING USER-DEFINEABLE KEY. C IS ENTERED AUTOMATICALLY, THIS ENTRY REQUIRED ONLY IF C IS TO HAVE A VALUE OTHER THAN 299792456.2 m/s	l m C	f	a	l m C
6	CALCULATE THE REQUIRED VALUE BY SELECTING THE REMAINING USER-DEFINEABLE KEY WITHOUT PRIOR KEYBOARD ENTRY				
7	OPTIONAL STEPS:				
	A) TO DISPLAY THE NOMINAL VALUE OF THE VELOCITY OF LIGHT IN METRES PER SECOND			E	2.997924562 08
	B) TO CALCULATE N AS A SELECTED DECIMAL PERCENTAGE OF C e.g., TO CALCULATE 99.999% OF THE VELOCITY OF LIGHT, THEN STORE AS V FOR SUBSEQUENT CALCULATION	EX. .99999	E	X	2.997894583 08
	C) TO CALCULATE, THEN DISPLAY THE VALUE OF $\sqrt{1-\frac{v^2}{c^2}}$ AFTER N HAS BEEN ENTERED			C	2.997894583 08
	D) TO REPLACE NOMINAL VALUE OF C WHEN PREVIOUS ENTRIES OR CALCULATIONS HAVE CHANGED STORED VALUE		f	e	β
			h	SF	
			2		C NOMINAL WILL BE STORED IN R3,R7 DURING EXECUTION OF NEXT CALCULATION
	E) TO CALCULATE RELATIVISTIC CHANGE IN ENERGY FOR MASS ACCELERATED TO RELATIVISTIC SPEEDS		f	a	ΔE

STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS	STEP	KEY ENTRY	KEY CODE	COMMENTS
001	f LBL 1	31 25 01	INDIRECT ADDRESS		—	51	
	h STI	35 33	ASSIGNMENT SUBROUTINE		f YX	31 54	
	h F3?	35 71 03			h RTN	35 22	
	h F3?	35 71 03		060	f LBL 3	31 25 03	SUBROUTINE 3
	h RTN	35 22			1	01	
	h R↓	35 53			RCL 0	34 00	
	STO(u)	33 24			RCL 1	34 01	
	R/S	84			÷	81	
	f LBL A	31 25 11			g X ²	32 54	
010	h F2?	35 71 02	ENTER OR CALCULATE		—	51	
	f GSB 4	31 22 04			f YX	31 54	
	0	00			h RTN	35 22	
	f GSB 1	31 22 01			f LBL 4	31 25 04	SUBROUTINE 4
	f GSB 2	31 22 02		070	2	02	LOADS NOMINAL VALUE
	RCL 1	34 01			9	09	OF VELOCITY OF LIGHT IN
	X	71			9	09	METRES/SECOND INTO R3, R7,
	STO(j)	33 24			7	07	TEST-CLEARED FLAG 2
	h RTN	35 22			9	09	ENABLES THIS ROUTINE
	f LBL B	31 25 12			2	02	THE FIRST TIME C IS REQUIRED
020	h F2?	35 71 02	ENTER OR CALCULATE		4	04	FOR CALCULATION, NOT
	f GSB 4	31 22 04			5	05	ENABLED FOR SUBSEQUENT
	1	01			6	06	CALCULATIONS TO MINIMIZE
	f GSB 1	31 22 01			•	83	COMPUTATION TIME. IF
	RCL 0	34 00			2	02	CONTENTS OF R3 OR R7
	f GSB 2	31 22 02		080	STO 3	33 03	ARE CHANGED AND IT IS
	÷	81			STO 7	33 07	DESIRED TO RE-ENTER
	STO(u)	33 24			h R↓	35 53	NOMINAL VALUE OF C,
	h RTN	35 22			h RTN	35 22	KEY h SF2 TO ARM
	f LBL C	31 25 13			f LBL E	31 25 15	SUBROUTINE 4 FOR
030	h F2?	35 71 02	ENTER OR CALCULATE		h F2?	35 71 02	NEXT CALCULATION
	f GSB 4	31 22 04	VELOCITY		f GSB 4	31 22 04	
	h F3?	35 71 03	(N < C)		RCL 3	34 03	
	f GSB 5	31 22 05			h SF 3	35 51 03	
	2	02			h RTN	35 22	
	f GSB 1	31 22 01			g LBL fa	32 25 11	
	f GSB 3	31 22 03			5	05	
	RCL 3	34 03			f GSB 1	31 22 01	ENTER OR CALCULATE
	X	71			h F2?	35 71 02	ENERGY IN JOULES,
	STO(j)	33 24			f GSB 4	31 22 04	EQUIVALENT OF MASS
040	h RTN	35 22			RCL 6	34 06	STORED IN REGISTER 6
	f LBL D	31 25 14			RCL 7	34 07	
	h F2?	35 71 02	ENTER OR CALCULATE		g X ²	32 54	
	f GSB 4	31 22 04	VELOCITY OF LIGHT BASED ON		X	71	
	3	03	VALUES FROM	100	STO(j)	33 24	
	f GSB 1	31 22 01			h RTN	35 22	
	RCL 2	34 02			g LBL fb	32 25 12	
	f GSB 3	31 22 03			6	06	
	÷	81			f GSB 1	31 22 01	ENTER OR CALCULATE
	STO(u)	33 24			h F2?	35 71 02	MASS IN KILOGRAMS
050	h RTN	35 22			f GSB 4	31 22 04	EQUIVALENT OF
	f LBL 2	31 25 02	SUBROUTINE 2		RCL 5	34 05	ENERGY STORED IN
	1	01			RCL 7	34 07	REGISTER 5
	RCL 2	34 02			g X ²	32 54	
	RCL 3	34 03			÷	81	
	÷	81			STO(u)	33 24	
	g X ²	32 54			h RTN	35 22	
REGISTERS							
0 m ₀ , t ₀ , or l	1 m, t, or l ₀	2 N	3 C	4 —	5 l	6 m	7 c
8 Δ KE	9 $\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}$						
S0	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7
S8	S9						
A	B	C	D	E	I		

